§ 36.4316

§ 36.4316 Acceptability of partial payments

A partial payment is a remittance by or on behalf of the borrower on a loan in default (as defined in §36.4801) of any amount less than the full amount due under the terms of the loan and security instruments at the time the remittance is tendered.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, or upon the express waiver of the Secretary, the mortgage holder shall accept any partial payment and either apply it to the mortgagor's account or identify it with the mortgagor's account and hold it in a special account pending disposition. When partial payments held for disposition aggregate a full monthly installment, including escrow, they shall be applied to the mortgagor's account.
- (b) A partial payment may be returned to the mortgagor, within 10 calendar days from date of receipt of such payment, with a letter of explanation only if one or more of the following conditions exist:
- (1) The property is wholly or partially tenant-occupied and rental payments are not being remitted to the holder for application to the loan account:
- (2) The payment is less than one full monthly installment, including escrows and late charge, if applicable, unless the lesser payment amount has been agreed to under a documented repayment plan;
- (3) The payment is less than 50 percent of the total amount then due, unless the lesser payment amount has been agreed to under a documented repayment plan;
- (4) The payment is less than the amount agreed to in a documented repayment plan;
- (5) The amount tendered is in the form of a personal check and the holder has previously notified the mortgagor in writing that only cash or certified remittances are acceptable;
- (6) A delinquency of any amount has continued for at least 6 months since the account first became delinquent and no written repayment plan has been arranged:
- (7) Foreclosure has been commenced by the taking of the first action re-

quired for foreclosure under local law; or

- (8) The holder's lien position would be jeopardized by acceptance of the partial payment.
- (c) A failure by the holder to comply with the provisions of this paragraph may result in a partial or total loss of guaranty or insurance pursuant to \$36.4828(b), but such failure shall not constitute a defense to any legal action to terminate the loan.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3703(c)(1))

§ 36.4317 Servicer reporting requirements.

- (a) Servicers of loans guaranteed by the Secretary shall report the information required by this section to the Secretary electronically. The Secretary shall accept electronic submission from each entity servicing loans guaranteed under 38 U.S.C. chapter 37 not later than the effective date of this rule.
- (b) Not later than the seventh calendar day of each month each servicer shall report to the Secretary basic information (loan identification information, payment due date, and unpaid principal balance) for every loan guaranteed by the Secretary currently being serviced by that entity, unless previously reported under paragraph (c)(7) of this section and has not reinstated, terminated, or paid in full.
- (c) Servicers shall report to the Secretary the following specific loan events in accordance with the time-frames described for each event. Unless otherwise specified herein, the servicer shall report these events on a monthly basis (i.e., no later than the 7th calendar day of the month following the month in which the event occurred) only for delinquent loans in its portfolio.
- (1) Loan paid in full—when the loan obligation has been fully satisfied by receipt of funds and not a servicing transfer. The servicer shall report this event regardless of delinquency status.
- (2) Authorized transfer of owner-ship—when the servicer learns that an authorized transfer of ownership has been completed. The servicer shall report this event regardless of delinquency status.